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(54) Title: SUBSTITUTED CAMPTOTHECIN DERIVATIVES AND PROCESS FOR THEIR PREPARATION

(57) Abstract

The present invention relates to substituted camptothecin derivatives of formula (I) wherein the symbol ___ represents a single or double bond; R1, R2 and R3 are as defined under (a) or (b) below: (a) R₁ and R_2 are, each independently, hydrogen; C_1 -C₄ alkyl; C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl; phenyl C₁-C₆ alkyl; an optionally substituted phenyl ring; -NR₅R₆ wherein one of R₅ and R₆ is hydrogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl or benzyl and the other is hydrogen, C1-C6 alkanoyl, an optionally substituted C1-C6 alkoxycarbonyl, an optionally

substituted benzoyl, phenyl C1-C6 alkanoyl, an optionally substituted C1-C6 alkoxycarbonyl, an optionally substituted phenoxycarbonyl or phenyl C1-C6 alkoxycarbonyl, or R5 and R6, combined together with the nitrogen atom to which they are linked, form a 4-7 membered saturated, optionally substituted, heteromonocyclic ring residue; COOR8 wherein R8 is hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C3-C7 cycloalkyl or phenyl C1-C6 alkyl; or COR9 wherein Rg is C1-C6 alkyl, C3-C7 cycloalkyl, phenyl C1-C6 alkyl, an optionally substituted phenyl ring or NR10R11 wherein R10 and R11 are, each independently, hydrogen or C1-C6 alkyl; and R3 is hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl or an optionally substituted phenyl ring; or (b) R1 and R3, combined together, form a 5-8 membered, optionally substituted, carbomonocyclic ring; and R2 is hydrogen, C1-C4 alkyl or C3-C7 cycloalkyl; R4 is hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C3-C7 cycloalkyl or phenyl C1-C6 alkyl; X is hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C3-C7 cycloalkyl, C1-C6 alkoxy, C3-C7 cycloalkoxy, C1-C6 alkanoyloxy, benzoyloxy, amino, hydroxy, nitro, halogen or it is a methylenedioxy group linked to the positions 10 and 11 of the molecule, and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof. The compounds according to the invention are useful in therapy as antitumor agents.

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SUBSTITUTED CAMPTOTHECIN DERIVATIVES AND PROCESS FOR THEIR PREPARATION

The present invention relates to new substituted camptothecin derivatives possessing antitumor activity, to a process for their preparation, and to pharmaceutical compositions containing them.

Background of the invention

- Camptothecin and some of its analogs display potent antitumor activity by the inhibition of Topoisomerase I, that is an enzyme involved in some important cellular functions and cellular growth (see, for instance, Wani et al., J. Med. Chem. 1987, 30, 1774; Hsiang et al., Cancer Res. 1989, 49, 4385;
- 15 Cancer Res. 1989, 49, 1465).
 - Anticancer activity of Camptothecin both <u>in vitro</u> and <u>in vivo</u> is significantly greater for the lactone versus the carboxylate form (as disclosed, for instance, by W.J. Slichenmyer et al., in "The Current Status of Camptothecin
- Analogues as Antitumor Agents", J. Natl. Cancer Inst. 1993, 85, 271-291, and reference therein), since a closed a-hydroxy lactone ring is an important structural requirement for both passive diffusion of drug into cancer cells, as well as for successful drug interaction with the pharmacological target.
- It has recently been pointed out that, in the presence of biologically relevant levels of human albumin, the biologically active form of camptothecin has a very short half-life (about 12 min.), and 2 hours after drug addition to human plasma, a percentage greater than 99% of the drug has converted to camptothecin carboxylate, the biologically inactive and potentially toxic form of the drug (see Burke, G.T.; Mi, Z. "The Structural Basis of Camptothecin

Interactions with Human Serum Albumin: Impact on Drug Stability", J. Med. Chem. 1994, 37, 40-46). The same authors disclose also the importance of the substitution in 9 and 7 positions on the camptothecin nucleus in order to improve drug stability in the presence of albumin.

There is therefore a need to find new camptothecin derivatives that have high intrinsic potency, and may gain, at the same time, stability in the presence of serum albumin.

10 Description of the invention

Accordingly, the present invention relates to substituted camptothecin derivatives of formula (I)

wherein

the symbol $\frac{1}{2}$ represents a single or double bond; R_1 , R_2 and R_3 are as defined under (a) or (b) below:

(a) R₁ and R₂ are, each independently,
 hydrogen;
 C₁-C₄ alkyl;

20 C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl;

phenyl C₁-C₆ alkyl;

an optionally substituted phenyl ring;

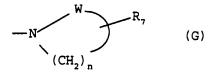
-NR₅R₆ wherein one of R₅ and R₆ is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl or benzyl and the other is hydrogen C_1 - C_6 alkanoyl, an optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl, an optionally substituted benzoyl, phenyl C_1 - C_6 alkanoyl, an optionally substituted phenoxycarbonyl or phenyl C_1 - C_6

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alkoxycarbonyl, or R_5 and R_6 , combined together with the nitrogen atom to which they are linked, form a 4-7 membered saturated, optionally substituted, heteromonocyclic ring residue, represented by a group (G)



wherein W is -C=0, R_7 is hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl and n is an integer of 2 to 5;

COOR₈ wherein R_8 is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl or phenyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl; or

COR, wherein R, is C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl, phenyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, an optionally

substituted phenyl ring or $NR_{10}R_{11}$ wherein R_{10} and R_{11} are, each independently, hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl; and

- 15 R_3 is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl or an optionally substituted phenyl ring; or
 - (b) R_1 and R_3 , combined together, form a 5-8 membered, optionally substituted, carbomonocyclic ring; and R_2 is hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl or C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl;
- 20 R_4 is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl or phenyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

X is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkoxy, C_1 - C_6 alkanoyloxy, benzoyloxy, amino, hydroxy, nitro, halogen or it is a methylenedioxy group

linked to the positions 10 and 11 of the molecule, and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

In the formulae of the present specification, a dotted line (---) indicates a substituent below the plane of the ring; a wedged line (---) indicates a substituent above the plane of the ring.

When in a compound of formula (I) the symbol ---- means a double bond, both Z and E isomers and a mixture of Z and E isomers are included into the scope of the present invention.

Pharmaceutically acceptable salts according the invention are the salts with pharmaceutically acceptable acids, both inorganic acids such as, e.g. hydrochloric, sulfuric, phosphoric, diphosphoric, hydrobromic or nitric acid, and organic acids such as, e.g., citric, fumaric, maleic, malic, ascorbic, succinic, tartaric, benzoic, acetic,

10 methanesulfonic, ethanesulfonic, benzenesulfonic, or ptoluensulfonic acid.

Pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the compounds of formula

(I) containing an acidic, i.e. carboxy, group with pharmaceutically acceptable bases are also included in the scope of the present invention.

Pharmaceutically acceptable bases may be both inorganic bases such as, for instance, alkali metal, e.g. sodium or potassium, or alkaline earth metal, e.g. calcium or magnesium, hydroxides, and organic bases such as, for instance, alkyl amines, e.g. methylamine or triethylamine, aralkylamines, e.g. benzylamine, dibenzylamine, a- or b-phenyl-ethylamine, or heterocyclic amines such as, e.g., piperidine, 1-methyl-piperidine, piperazine or morpholine.

An optionally substituted phenyl ring may be represented by a group

wherein

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Q, linked to the ortho, meta or para position of the phenyl ring, represents hydrogen, $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkoxy, $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkanoyloxy, nitro or halogen.

Preferably Q is hydrogen, C_1-C_4 alkyl, C_1-C_4 alkoxy or halogen.

Particularly preferred values of ${\tt Q}$ are hydrogen, methoxy and chlorine.

An optionally substituted benzoyl may be represented by a group

5

wherein Q is as defined above.

An optionally substituted phenoxycarbonyl may be represented by a group

10 wherein Q is as defined above.

A 5-8 membered, optionally substituted carbomonocyclic ring is, when the symbol ____ is used to denote a single bond, for example cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl, or, when the symbol ____ is used to denote a double bond, cyclopenten-1-yl or cyclohexen-

15 1-yl.

In the present specification, the hydrocarbon chain of the alkyl, alkoxy, alkanoyl, alkanoyloxy and alkoxycarbonyl groups may be a straight or branched chain.

Preferably, C_1 - C_6 alkyl is C_1 - C_4 alkyl, e.g. methyl, ethyl, n-

20 propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl or t-butyl.

Preferably, C_1 - C_4 alkyl is methyl, ethyl or propyl.

Preferably, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl is C_4 - C_6 cycloalkyl, e.g. cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl.

Preferably, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy is C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, e.g. methoxy, ethoxy

25 or propoxy.

Preferably, C_1 - C_6 alkanoyl is C_1 - C_4 alkanoyl, e.g. methanoyl, ethanoyl or propanoyl.

Preferably, C_1 - C_6 alkanoyloxy is C_1 - C_4 alkanoyloxy, e.g. methanoyloxy, ethanoyloxy or propanoyloxy.

Preferably, C_1 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl is C_1 - C_4 alkoxycarbonyl, e.g. methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, n-propoxycarbonyl or isopropoxicarbonyl.

Preferably, an optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl is trichloroethoxycarbonyl.

Preferred meanings of the heteromonocyclic ring residue represented by the above defined group (G) are

$$-N$$
 and $-N$

A preferred class of compounds according to this invention is represented by compounds of the above formula (I) wherein the symbol ____ represents a single or double bond; R₁ and R₂ are, each independently, hydrogen;

 $-NR_5R_6$ wherein one of R_5 and R_6 is hydrogen and the other is hydrogen, C_1-C_6 alkanoyl, an optionally substituted benzoyl,

phenyl C_1 - C_6 alkanoyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl, phenoxy-carbonyl or phenyl C_1 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl;

 $COOR_8$ wherein R_8 is hydrogen or $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl; or

COR, wherein R, is C_1 - C_6 alkyl, unsubstituted phenyl or $NR_{10}R_{11}$ wherein R_{10} and R_{11} are both hydrogen:

20 R₃ is hydrogen;

 R_4 is hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

X is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkoxy or it is a methylenedioxy group linked to the positions 10 and 11 of the molecule, and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Examples of specific compounds preferred under the invention are the following:

9-vinyl camptothecin (1);

(E)-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (2);

9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (3);

(2) -9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin

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9-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (5);
        9-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (6);
        9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (7);
        9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (8);
    5 7-ethyl-9-vinyl camptothecin (9);
       7-ethyl-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (10);
       7-ethyl-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (11);
       7-ethyl-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-
       ethenyl)camptothecin (12);
      7-ethyl-9-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-
  10
       ethenyl)camptothecin (13);
      7-ethyl-9-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (14);
      7-ethyl-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (15);
      7-ethyl-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (16);
      10-vinyl camptothecin (17);
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      (E)-10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (18);
      10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (19);
     10-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (20);
     10-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (21);
     10-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (22);
 20
     10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (23);
     10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (24);
     7-ethyl-10-vinyl camptothecin (25);
     7-ethyl-10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (26);
    7-ethyl-10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (27);
     7-ethyl-10-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
    camptothecin (28);
    7-ethyl-10-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
    camptothecin (29);
   7-ethyl-10-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (30);
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    7-ethyl-10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (31);
    7-ethyl-10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (32);
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10-hydroxy-9-vinyl camptothecin (33);
        10-hydroxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (34);
        10-hydroxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (35);
        10-hydroxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
       camptothecin (36);
       10-hydroxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
       camptothecin (37);
       10-hydroxy-9-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (38);
       10-hydroxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (39);
      10-hydroxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (40);
  10
       10,11-methylendioxy-9-vinyl camptothecin (41);
      10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
      (42);
      10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
  15 (43);
      10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-
      ethenyl) camptothecin (44);
      10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-
     ethenyl) camptothecin (45);
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (46);
     10,11-methylendioxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin
     (47):
     10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
     (48):
    10-methoxy-9-vinyl camptothecin (49);
25
    10-methoxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (50);
    10-methoxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (51);
    10-methoxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
    camptothecin (52);
30
    10-methoxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
    camptothecin (53);
    10-methoxy-9-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (54);
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10-methoxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (55);
     10-methoxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (56);
     11-vinyl camptothecin (57);
     11-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (58);
    11-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (59);
     11-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (60);
     11-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (61);
     11-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (62);
     11-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (63);
    11-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (64);
     12-vinyl camptothecin (65);
     (E)-12-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (66);
     12-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (67);
     (Z)-12-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
15
    (68);
    12-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (69);
    12-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (70);
    12-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (71);
    12-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (72);
9-amino-10-vinyl camptothecin (73);
    9-amino-10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (74);
    9-amino-10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (75);
    9-amino-10-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
    camptothecin (76);
    9-amino-10-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
    camptothecin (77);
    9-amino-10-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (78);
    9-amino-10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (79);
    9-amino-10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (80);
    7-ethyl-9-amino-10-vinyl camptothecin (81);
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    7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
    (82);
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7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
       (83);
       7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
      camptothecin (84);
   5 7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
      camptothecin (85);
      7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (86);
      7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (87);
      7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (88);
     9-ethyl camptothecin (1');
 10
     9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (2');
     9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (3');
     9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin (4');
     9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin (5');
    9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl] camptothecin (6');
    9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]camptothecin (7');
    9-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (8');
    9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (9');
    9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (10');
    7-ethyl-9-ethyl camptothecin (11');
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    7-ethyl-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (12');
    7-ethyl-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (13');
   7-ethyl-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
   camptothecin (14');
  7-ethyl-9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
   (15');
   7-ethyl-9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
   7-ethyl-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]
  camptothecin (17');
  7-ethyl-9-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (18');
  7-ethyl-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (19');
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7-ethyl-9-(2-aminocarbonyl ethyl)camptothecin (20');
       10-ethyl camptothecin (21');
       10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (22');
       10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (23');
       10-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
       (24!);
       10-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin (25');
       10-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin (26');
      10-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]camptothecin (27');
      10-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (28');
      10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (29');
      10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (30');
      7-ethyl-10-ethyl camptothecin (31');
      7-ethyl-10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (32');
     7-ethyl-10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (33');
 15
     7-ethyl-10-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
     camptothecin (34');
     7-ethyl-10-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
     35'):
     7-ethyl-10-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
     36');
     7-ethyl-10-["(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]
     camptothecin (37');
    7-ethyl-10-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (38');
   7-ethyl-10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (39');
    7-ethyl-10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (40');
    11-ethyl camptothecin (41');
    11-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (42');
    11-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (43');
    11-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
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    (44');
    11-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin (45');
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11-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin (46');
     11-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
     (47');
     11-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (48');
     11-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (49');
     11-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (50');
     9-amino-12-ethyl camptothecin (51');
     9-amino-12-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (52');
     9-amino-12-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (53');
     9-amino-12-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
10
     camptothecin (54');
     9-amino-12-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
     55');
     9-amino-12-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
15
    56');
     9-amino-12-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]
    camptothecin (57');
     9-amino-12-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (58');
    9-amino-12-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (59');
20
    9-amino-12-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (60');
    10-amino-9-ethyl camptothecin (61');
    10-amino-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (62');
    10-amino-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (63');
    10-amino-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl)-ethyl]
    camptothecin (64');
    10-amino-9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
    10-amino-9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
   (66');
30
    10-amino-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]
    camptothecin (67');
    10-amino-9-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (68');
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10-amino-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-3-one-propyl) camptothecin (69');
     10-amino-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (70');
     12-ethyl camptothecin (71');
     12-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (72');
 5 12-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (73');
     12-[(2R,S,)(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl)-
    ethyl]camptothecin (74');
    12-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin (75');
    12-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin (76');
   12-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]camptothecin (77');
10
    12-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (78');
    12-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (79');
    12-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (80');
    10-hydroxy-9-ethyl camptothecin (81');
    10-hydroxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (82');
    10-hydroxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (83');
    10-hydroxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
    camptothecin (84');
    10-hydroxy-9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
20
    (851);
    10-hydroxy-9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
    (861);
    10-hydroxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]
    camptothecin (871);
   10-hydroxy-9-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (88');
    10-hydroxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-3-one-propyl)camptothecin (89');
    10-hydroxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (90');
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-ethyl camptothecin (91');
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin
30
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin
    (93'):
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10,11-methylendioxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-
        ethyl)camptothecin (94');
        10,11-methylendioxy-9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
       camptothecin (95');
       10,11-methylendioxy-9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]
       camptothecin (96');
       10,11-methylendioxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-
       ethyl]camptothecin (97');
       10,11-methylendioxy-9-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (98');
       10,11-methylendioxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin
  10
       (991);
      10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin
      (1001);
      10-methoxy-9-ethyl camptothecin (101');
     10-methoxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (102');
      10-methoxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (103');
      10-methoxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
     camptothecin (104');
     10-methoxy-9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
 20
     (105');
     10-methoxy-9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
   (106');
     10-methoxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]
    camptothecin (107');
    10-methoxy-9-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (108');
    10-methoxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (109');
    10-methoxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (110');
    and, where a salifiable substituent is present on the molecule
    framework, their pharmaceutically acceptable salts.
    The structural formula of the above listed compounds is
30
    illustrated in the following Table 1 with reference to the
   above formula (I) wherein the symbol \underline{---} represents a double
```

bond, and <u>Table 2</u> with reference to the above formula (I) wherein the symbol ____ represents a single bond.

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Table 1

			<u> </u>				Ť
Compound	9-substituent	R ₅	R ₆	R ₈	R ₉	R ₄	X
1	-CH=CH₂	-	• ·	•	-	Н	Н
2	-CH=CH-COOR ₈	•	-	CH ₃	-	Н	Н
3	-CH=CH-COOR ₈		-	Н		Н	Н
4	-CH=C-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	сосн,	СН,	-	Н	Н
5	-CH=C-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	COCH ₃	Н	-	. Н	Н
6	-CH=CH-COR,	•		-	CH₃	Н	Н
7	-CH=CH-COR,	-	-	•	Ph	Н	Н
8	-CH=CH-COR,	-	-	-	NH ₂	Н	н
9	-CH=CH ₂		-	-	-	Et	Н
10	-CH=CH-COOR ₈		-	СН₃	-	Et	н
11	-CH=CH-COOR ₈	-	-	Н	-	Et	Н
12	-CH=C-COOR ₈ NR ₅ R ₆	Н	COCH ₃	CH ₃	-	Et	Н
13	-CH=C-COOR _s NR ₃ R ₄	Н	COCH ₃	Н	-	Et	Н
14	-CH=CH-COR,	•	-	. •	СН3	Et	Н
15	-CH=CH-COR ₉	-	-	•	Ph	Et	Н
16	-CH=CH-COR,	-	-	-	NH ₂	Et	н
Compound	· 10-substituent	R ₅	R ₆	R ₈	R,	R ₄	х
17	-CH=CH₂	•	•		-	Н	Н
18	-CH=CH-COOR _B	•	•	СН,	-	Н	Н
19	-CH=CH-COOR ₈	•	-	Н	-	Н	Н
20	-CH=C-COOR ₈ NR₃R ₆	Н	COCH ₃	СН,	-	Н	Н
21	-CH=C-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	COCH ₃	Н	•	Н	Н
22	-CH=CH-COR,			•	CH ₃	Н	Н
23	-CH=CH-COR,	-		•	Ph	Н	Н
24	-CH=CH-COR,	-		-	NH ₂	Н	Н

Table 1 (continued)

Compound	10-substituent	R ₅	R ₆	R	р	-	
25	-CH=CH ₂	+ :	1.6	- ·		- - `	
26	-CH=CH-COOR		+-	CI			
27	-CH=CH-COOR,		+	H	-	- -	
28	-CH=C-COOR	Н	СОСН			Et Et	
29	NR₃R₅ -CH=C-COOR₅	+			<u>'</u>	L.	H
	NR ₅ R ₆	Н	COCH	, Н	.	Et	Н
30	-CH=CH-COR,		-	1.	СН	Et	Н
31	-CH=CH-COR,		-		Ph	Et	Н
32	-CH=CH-COR,	-	1	† -	NH ₂	Et	Н
Compound	9-substituent	R ₅	R ₆	Rg	R ₉	R ₄	X
33	-CH=CH ₂				1.	Н	10-OH
34	-CH=CH-COOR			СН,	-	Н	10-OH
35	-CH=CH-COOR ₈	-		Н	1.	H	10-OH
36	-CH=C-COOR _s NR ₃ R ₆	Н	COCH ₃	СН,	1.	Н	10-ОН
37	-CH=C-COOR _s NR ₃ R ₆	Н	сосн,	н	-	Н	10-ОН
38	-CH=CH-COR,	•			СН,	Н	10-OH
39	-CH=CH-COR,	•			Ph	Н	10-OH
40	-CH=CH-COR,	•	•		NH ₂	Н	10-OH
41	-CH=CH ₂		•	•		Н	10,11-OCH ₂ O-
42	-CH=CH-COOR ₄	•	-	СН,		Н	10,11-OCH ₂ O-
43	-CH=CH-COOR ₄	•		Н	•	Н	10,11-OCH ₂ O-
44	-CH=C-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	COCH ₃	СН,		Н	10,11-OCH ₂ O-
. 45	-CH=C-COOR _s NR ₃ R ₆	н	COCH ₃	Н	•	Н	10,11-OCH ₂ O-
46	-CH=CH-COR,		-	-	CH,	Н	10,11-OCH,O-
47	-CH=CH-COR,	-	•		Ph	Н	10,11-OCH ₂ O-
48	-CH=CH-COR,				NH ₂	Н	10,11-OCH,O-

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

Table 1 (continued)

Compound	9-substituent	R ₅	R ₆	R	R ₉	R	X
49	-CH=CH₂	T -		1.	 	Н	10-OCH,
50	-CH=CH-COOR			CH,	1.	Н	10-OCH,
51	-CH=CH-COOR	-	-	Н	+-	H	10-OCH,
52	-CH=C-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	сосн,	СН,	-	Н	10-осн,
53	-CH=C-COOR _e NR ₃ R ₆	Н	COCH,	Н	-	Н	10-OCH ₃
54	-CH=CH-COR,	-	•	-	СН,	н	10-OCH,
55	-CH=CH-COR,			-	Ph	Н	10-OCH,
56	-CH=CH-COR,				NH ₂	Н	10-OCH ₃
Compound	11-substituted	R _s	R ₆	Re	R ₉	R,	X
57	-CH≕CH₂			·		Н	Н
58	-CH=CH-COOR			СН,		Н	н
59	-CH=CH-COOR		-	Н		Н	Н
60	-CH=C-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₄	Н	сосн,	СН,	•	Н	Н
61	-CH=C-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	сосн,	Н	•	Н	н
62	-CH=CH-COR,	-	•		СН,	н	н
63	-CH=CH-COR,	-	•		Ph	Н Н	
64	-CH=CH-COR,				NH ₂	Н	- н

Table 1 (continued)

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Compound	12-substituent	R ₅	R ₆	R _g	R9	R4	х
65	-CH = CH₂	•	-	-	•	н	H
66	-CH=CH-COOR	•	•	CH ₃	•	Н	Н
67	-CH=CH-COOR	•		н		Н	Н
68	-CH=C-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	сосн,	СН	•	н	Н
69	-CH=C-COOR _s NR ₃ R ₆	н	сосн,	Н	•	н	н
70	-CH=CH-COR,	•	-	-	сн,	Н	Н
71	-CH=CH-COR,	•		•	Ph	Н	Н
72	-CH=CH-COR,	٠	•	-	NH ₂	Н	Н
Compound	10-substituent	R ₅	R ₆	R _s	R,	R	х
73	-CH=CH₂	•	-	•	.	н	9-NH ₂
74	-CH=CH-COOR	-	•	СН,	•	Н	9-NH₂
75	-CH=CH-COOR	•	•	Н	•	Н	9-NH ₂
76	-CH=C-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	COCH,	СН₃	•	н	9-NH ₂
77	-CH=C-COOR _s NR ₃ R ₆	Н	COCH ₃	Н	•	Н	9-NH₂
78	-CH=CH-COR,		-	•	CH ₃	Н	9-NH ₂
79	-CH=CH-COR,	-	•	-	Ph	Н	9-NH ₂
80	-CH=CH-COR,	•	•	-	NH ₂	Н	9-NH ₂
81	-CH=CH ₂		•	•	•	Et	9-NH ₂
82	-CH=CH-COOR	-	-	сн,	-	Et	9-NH ₂
83	-CH=CH-COOR	-	•	н	-	Et	9-NH ₂
84	-CH=C-COOR ₄ NR ₃ R ₄	н	COCH ₃	СН,	•	Et	9-NH ₂
85	-CH=C-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	н	COCH ₃	Н		Et	9-NH ₂
86	-CH=CH-COR,	•		-	CH ₃	Et	9-NH ₂
87	-CH=CH-COR,	-	•	-	Ph	Et	9-NH ₂
88	-CH=CH-COR,		•	•	NH ₂	Et	9-NH ₂

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Table 2

Compound	9-substituent	R _s	R ₆	R ₈	R ₉	R,	х
1'	-CH ₂ -CH ₃	-	1		1 -	Н	Н
2'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	-	 	СН,		Н	Н
3'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	-	 	Н	-	Н	Н
4'	-CH ₂ -Ci-COCR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	сосн,	CH ₃	-	Н	Н
5'	-CH₂-CH-COOR ₈ NR₃R ₆	Н	Н	СН,	-	Н	Н
6'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₅ R ₆	Н	Н	Н	-	Н	Н
7'	-CH₂-CH-COOR ₈ NR₃R ₆	Н	COCH ₃	Н	-	Н	Н
8'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•	•	. •	CH ₃	Н	Н
9'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	-	-	-	Ph	Н	Н
10'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉		-	-	NH ₂	Н	Н
11'	-CH ₂ -CH ₃	•		-	-	Et	Н
12'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	•	-	СН,	•	Et	н
13'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	•	-	Н	•	Et	Н
14'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₄ NR ₃ R ₆	н	COCH ₃	СН,	-	Et	Н
15'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	Н	СН3	•	Et	Н
16'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₅ R ₆	Н	н	Н	-	Et	Н
17'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	сосн,	Н	•	Et	Н
18'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	-	-	-	СН,	Et	н
19'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR,	•	-	-	Ph	Et	Н
20'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•		-	NH ₂	Et	Н

Table 2 (continued)

Compound	10-substituent	R ₅	R ₆	R	R _c	R	
21'	-CH ₂ -CH ₃	-	 		· + · ·	H	
22'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈		+-	СН			+-
23'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	+	 .	H		H	- I
24'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₅ R ₆	Н	СОСН			H	H
25'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	Н	CH ₃	-	Н	Н
26'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₅ R ₆	Н	Н	Н	-	Н	Н
27'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₅ R ₆	Н	сосн,	Н	-	Н	H
28'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉		 	+	CH ₃	Н	Н
29'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	-	†	-	Ph	H	Н.
30'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉		-	-	NH ₂	Н.	Н н
31'	-CH ₂ -CH ₃			-	1	Et	
32'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	-	 . 	CH ₃	 	Et	H
33'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈		-	Н	-	Et	H
34'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	COCH ₃	CH ₃		Et	H
35'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	Н	СН3	•	Et	Н
36'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	н	Н	Н	-	Et	Н
37'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₅ R ₆	Н	сосн,	Н	-	Et	Н
38'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	-	-	-	CH ₃	Et	Н
39'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	-	-		Ph	Et	<u>п</u> Н
40'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	-		-	NH ₂	Et	Н

Table 2 (continued)

Compound	l 1-substituent	R ₅	R ₆	R ₈	R ₉	R,	х
41'	-CH ₂ -CH ₃	-	-	-	-	Н	Н
42'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	·		CH ₃		н	Н
43'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	-		Н		Н	Н
44'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	COCH ₃	CH ₃	-	Н	Н
45'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₅ R ₆	Н	Н	СН3	-	Н	Н
46'	-CH₂-CH-COOR ₈ NR₃R₀	Н	Н	Н	-	н	Н
47'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	COCH ₃	Н	-	Н	Н
48'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	-		•	CH ₃	Н	Н
49'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•		-	Ph	н	Н
50'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•	-	-	NH ₂	Н	Н
Compound	12-substituent	R,	R ₆	R ₈	R,	R,	х
51'	-CH ₂ -CH ₃	•	•		•	н	9-NH ₂
52'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	-	•	СН	-	н	9-NH ₂
53'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	•	-	Н	-	Н	9-NH ₂
54'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	сосн,	СН₃	-	Н	9-NH₂
55'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₄	Н	Н	СН₃	•	Н	9-NH₂
56'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	н	н	-	Н	9-NH ₂
57'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₄	Н	сосн,	Н	-	Н	9-NH ₂
58'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•	-	-	CH ₃	Н	9-NH ₂
59'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉		-	-	Ph	Н	9-NH ₂
60'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	-	-	-	NH ₂	Н	9-NH ₂

Table 2 (continued)

Compound	9-substituent	R ₅	р	D	В		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 	R ₆	R ₈	R ₉	R ₄	X
61'	-CH₂-CH₃		•	-	•	Н	10-NH ₂
62'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈			CH ₃		Н	10-NH ₂
63'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	-		Н	-	Н	10-NH ₂
64'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	н	COCH,	СН₃	-	Н	10-NH ₂
65'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	н	СН₃	-	Н	10-NH ₂
66'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	н	Н	-	Н	10-NH ₂
67'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	сосн,	Н	-	Н	10-NH₂
68'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•	-	-	CH ₃	н	10-NH ₂
69'	-(CH₂)₂-COR₀	-	-	•	Ph	Н	10-NH ₂
· 70'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•	-	•	NH ₂	Н	10-NH ₂
Compound	12-substituent	R ₅	R ₆	R ₈	R,	R ₄	х
71'	-CH₂-CH₃	•	•	-	•	Н	Н
72'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	•	-	СН3	-	н	н
73'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	•	•	Н	•	Н	н
74'	-CH₂-CH-COOR₄ NR₃R₄	Н	COCH ₃	СН₃	-	Н	Н
75'	-CH₂-CH-COOR ₈ NR₅R ₆	Н	Н	СН₃	•	Н	Н
76'	-CH ₂ -ÇH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	н	Н	•	Н	Н
77'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	сосн,	Н	-	Н	Н
78'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•	•	•	СН,	Н	Н
79'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•	-	-	Ph	Н	Н
80'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	-	-	-	NH ₂	Н	Н

Table 2 (continued)

Compound	9-substituent	R ₅	R ₆	R ₈	R9	R ₄	Х
81'	-CH ₂ -CH ₃	-	-	-	•	Н	10-OH
82'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	•	-	CH,	•	H.	10-OH
83'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	•		Н	•	Н	10-OH
84'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₄ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	сосн,	СН,		Н	10-OH
85'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₄ NR ₃ R ₄	Н	Н	СН,	•	Н	10-OH
86'	-CH ₂ -ÇH-COOR ₆ NR ₅ R ₆	Н	н	Н	-	Н	10-ОН
87'	-CH ₂ -ÇH-COOR ₈ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	COCH ₃	Н	•	Н	10-OH
88'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₅	•	•	٠	СН,	Н	10-OH
1901	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	-	•	•	Ph	Н	10-OH
	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•	•	•	NH₂	Н	10-OH
91'	-CH₂- CH₃	•	•	•	•	Н	10,11-OCH ₂ O-
92'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₄	-	•	CH,	•	Н	10,11-OCH ₂ O-
93'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₆	•	•	Н	•	Н	10,11-OCH ₂ O-
94'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₄ NR ₃ R ₆	н	COCH ₃	СН	•	н	10,11-OCH ₂ O-
95′	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₄ NR ₃ R ₄	Н	Н	СН	•	Н	10,11-OCH₂O-
96'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₄ NR ₃ R ₄	Н	Н	Ή.	٠	Н	10,11 - OCH₂O-
97'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₄ NR ₃ R ₆	Н	COCH ₃	Н	•	Н	10,11-OCH ₂ O-
98'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•		•	CH ₃	н	10,11-OCH ₂ O-
99'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•	•	-	Ph	Н	10,11-OCH ₂ O-
100'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•		•	NH ₂	Н	10,11-OCH ₂ O-

Table 2 (continued)

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Compound	9-substituent	R ₅	R ₆	R ₈	R,	R ₄	Х
101'	-CH ₂ -CH ₃		-			Н	10-OCH ₃
102'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	-	-	CH ₃	•	н	10-OCH ₃
103'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COOR ₈	-	-	Н	. •	Н	10-OCH ₃
104'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ I NR ₅ R ₆	Н	сосн,	СН₃	•	Н	10-OCH ₃
105'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ I NR ₅ R ₆	н	Н	CH ₃	-	Н	10-OCH ₃
106'	-CH ₂ -CH-COOR ₈ I NR ₅ R ₆	Н	Н	Н	-	Н	10-OCH ₃
107'	-CH₂-CH-COOR ₈ NR₃R ₆	Н	COCH ₃	Н	•	Н	10-OCH ₃
108'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•	-	-	СН3	Н	10-OCH ₃
109'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•	-	-	Ph	Н	10-OCH ₃
110'	-(CH ₂) ₂ -COR ₉	•	-	-	NH ₂	Н	10-OCH ₃

In Tables 1 and 2, the symbols Et and Ph stand respectively 5 for ethyl and phenyl.

The present invention includes also in its scope a process for preparing the compounds of formula (I) as defined above, said process comprising

10 1) reacting a compound of formula (II)

wherein

 R_{11} is a halogen atom, $-OSO_2R_{12}$ wherein R_{12} is C_1-C_5 alkyl unsubstituted or substituted at the terminal carbon atom by one, two or three halogen atoms or an optionally substituted phenyl ring;

 R_4 is hydrogen, $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, $C_3\text{-}C_7$ cycloalkyl or phenyl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl; and

X is hydrogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, C₃-10 C₇ cycloalkoxy, C₁-C₆ alkanoyloxy, benzoyloxy, amino hydroxy, nitro, halogen or it is a methylenedioxy group linked to the positions 10 and 11 of the molecule, with a compound of formula (III)

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_1 \\
C = C \\
R_2
\end{array}$$
(III)

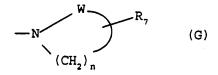
15 wherein

 R_1 , R_2 and R_3 are as defined under (a) or (b) below:

- (a) R_1 and R_2 are each independently hydrogen; C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl; phenyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl; an optionally substituted phenyl ring;
- optionally substituted phenoxycarbonyl or phenyl C_1 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl, or R_5 and R_6 is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkanoyl, an optionally substituted benzoyl, phenyl C_1 - C_6 alkanoyl, an optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl, an optionally substituted phenoxycarbonyl or phenyl C_1 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl, or R_5 and R_6 , combined together with the

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nitrogen atom to which they are linked, form a 4-7 membered saturated, optionally substituted, heteromonocyclic ring, represented by a group (G)



5 wherein W is -C=0, R_7 is hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl and n is an integer of 2 to 5;

> COOR₈ wherein R₈ is C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl or phenyl C₁-C₅ alkyl; or

COR, wherein R, is C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl, phenyl C₁-C₆ alkyl, an optionally substituted phenyl ring, NR₁₀R₁, wherein R_{10} and R_{11} are each independently hydrogen or C_1 -

C₆ alkyl; and

R₃ is hydrogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl or an optionally substituted phenyl; or

15 (b) R₁ and R₃, combined together, form a 5-8 membered, optionally substituted carbomonocyclic ring; and

R₂ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl or C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl;

so obtaining a compound of formula (I) wherein the symbol ---represents a double bond;

20 and, if desired,

10

- 2) reducing a compound of formula (I) as obtained under step
- 1) into a corresponding compound of formula (I) wherein the symbol ---- represents a single bond, and/or if desired, salifying a compound of formula (I).
- The starting compounds of formula (II) have a 20 25 configuration which is retained through the process leading to the compounds of formula (I). The compounds of formula (II) are typically free of the corresponding 20 (R)-isomers. However, said process may be applied to a racemic mixture of a compound of formula (II) and the corresponding 20 (R)-isomer. 30

In that case, a racemic mixture of a compound of formula (I) and a 20 (R) - isomer of a compound of formula (I) is obtained. When one or more new stereogenic centers are created in one of above mentioned steps, all the possible isomers, diastereoisomers, epimers, and geometric isomers, are included in the present disclosure.

The reaction reported under step 1) may be performed in a suitable solvent, in the presence of catalytic amounts, i.e. from 0.0001 to 0.2 molar equivalents, of a compound of formula ML_q L',

wherein

10

M represents Palladium, Nickel or Platinum.

 \boldsymbol{L} and $\boldsymbol{L}^{_{1}},$ which may be the same or different represent an anion such as, e.g. a halide or an acetate or a neutral

molecule such as, e.g., a solvent molecule, a phosphine, a phosphite or a diamine; and

q and r may vary from 0 to 4,

provided that q + r is at least 1,

at a temperature of from about -20°C to about 200°C, preferably from about 20°C to about 100°C, for a time which 20 may vary from few minutes to several days, such as, e.g., from 5 minutes to 3 days, preferably from about one hour to about one day, optionally in the presence of a suitable organic or inorganic base, and optionally in the presence of lithium

halides, such as, e.g., LiCl, or LiBr. Suitable solvents include, e.g., dimethylformamide (DMF), acetonitrile, dimethylsulphoxide (DMSO), CHCl3, dioxane, tetrahydrofuran (THF) and mixtures thereof.

Suitable inorganic bases include, e.g., salts with alkali or alkaline earth metals, such as, for example, NaHCO3, Na2CO3, or NaOAc.

Suitable organic bases may be, for example, trialkyalmines, such as, e.g., triethylamine or diisopropylethylamine; or heteroaromatic bases such as, e.g., pyridine, or $2,6,-C_1-C_6$ alkyl substituted pyridines, such as, e.g., 2,6 lutidine.

- Preferred groups which L and/or L' may represent are halides; acetates; phosphines such as, e.g., triphenylphosphine or chelating diphosphines, such as, e.g., bis(diphenylphosphino)methane, 1,2- and 1,3-bis (diphenyl phosphino)propane, 1,4-bis(diphenylsphsphino)- butane or 1,1'-
- bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene (DPPF). 10

The molar ratio of transition metal atom and/or is general from 1:1 to 1:4.

The reduction reported under item 2) may be performed reacting a compound of formula (I) as obtained under item 1) by using suitable reducing agents, in the presence of suitable catalysts.

Suitable catalysts for the abovesaid reduction are metals known to perform multiple bond reduction such as, e.g., Palladium, Platinum oxide, Platinum, Rhodium, Nickel or

20 Ruthenium.

> Suitable reducing agents for the abovesaid reduction are molecular hydrogen or hydrogen sources such as, for instance, triethylammonium formate, formic acid, tributyltin hydride, cyclohexadiene, etc., in a suitable solvent such as, e.g.,

dimethylformamide (DMF), CH₃OH, acetic acid, CHCl₃, dioxane, 25 or mixtures thereof, at a temperature of from about 0°C to about 100°C, for a time of from 1 hour to 3 days, at a pressure of from about 1 atm to about 100 atm.

The starting materials used in this disclosure are known compounds or may be obtained following known methods. For instance, 9-halogeno camptothecin, 10-halogeno camptothecin, 11-halogeno camptothecin, and 12-halogeno camptothecin may be

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prepared according, to Sawada, S., et al., Chem. Pharm. Bull. 39, 3183-3188 (1991).

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For instance, 10-hydroxy-9-halogeno camptothecin, 10-methoxy-9-halogeno camptothecin, and 10,11-methylendioxy-9-halogeno camptothecin may be prepared starting from the corresponding 10 or 10,11 substituted 9-amino-derivatives, prepared by known procedures (see, for instance, Wall et al. J.Med.Chem. 1993, 36,2689-2700, or Wani et al. J. Med. Chem. 1986, 29, 2358-2363), and then following the above cited reference.

- 10 For instance, 9-trifluoromethansulfonyloxy camptothecin, 10-trifluoromethansulfonyloxy camptothecin, 11-tri fluoro methansulfonyloxy camptothecin, 12-trifluoromethansulfonyloxy camptothecin, 10-hydroxy-9-trifluoromethansulfonyloxy camptothecin,
- 10-methoxy-9-trifluoromethansulfonyloxy camptothecin,
 10,11-methylen-dioxy-9-trifluoromethansulfonyloxy
 camptothecin, 10-p-toluensulfonyloxy camptothecin,
 11-p-toluensulfonyloxy camptothecin,
 12-p-toluensulfonyloxy camptothecin,
- 10-hydroxy-9-p-toluensulfonyloxy camptothecin,
 10-methoxy-9-p-toluensulfonyloxy camptothecin and
 10,11-methylen-dioxy-9-p-toluensulfonyloxy camptothecin were
 prepared from the corresponding hydroxy derivatives obtained,
 in turn, as described in the references cited above, and
- treatment with suitable sulfonylating agents.

 The compounds of the present invention are endowed with antitumor activity, for example against leukaemia and solid tumors such as, for example, colon and rectal tumors.
- The antitumor activity of the compounds of the present invention is shown, for example, by the fact that they have been found to possess antileukaemic activity when tested

according to the method described in: J.Med.Chem. 1993, 36, 2689, using the L1210 murine lymphoid leukemia model.

As an example, the activity of (E)-9-(2-methoxycarbonylethenyl) camptothecin (internal code FCE 28681) and 9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (internal code FCE 29559) were tested according to the following method (a).

The compounds were dissolved in dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO) at a final concentration of 0.5%. The percentage of DMSO solution does not affect the cellular growth.

10 Method (a): evaluation of cytotoxic activity

L1210 murine leukemia cells were grown in vitro as a floated cells in RPMI 1640 medium supplemented with 10% fetal calf serum, 1% L-glutamine 200 mM, 1% of B-mercaptoethanol 1 mM, 100 UI/ml penicillin and 100 μg streptomycin. For assaying the cytotoxic activity, exponentially growing cells were seeded at the concentration of $5x10^4$ cells/ml and exposed to graded doses of the compounds under evaluation for 48h at 37°C in an humidified atmosphere of 5% CO_2 . The number of cells was determined with a Coulter Counter; results are expressed as IC50 (dose causing 50% inhibition of cell growth 20 in treated cultures relative to untreated controls after 48h treatment) in this assay, (E)-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (internal code FCE 28681) methoxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (internal code FCE 29559) were tested and the obtained results are reported on Table 1 below.

Table 1

COMPOUND	IC ₅₀ (ng/ml)
FCE 28681	3.3 ± 1.8
FCE 29559	2.7 ± 0.5

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A human or animal body may thus be treated by a method which comprises the administration thereto of a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound of formula (I) or salt thereof. The condition of the human or animal can thereby be improved.

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5 Pharmaceutical compositions containing the novel camptothecin analogues according to the invention are also within the scope of the present invention.

These pharmaceutical compositions may contain any quantity of a camptothecin analog which is effective to exhibit any antitumor activity in vivo. Mammalian such as humans are treatable with the inventive compositions. Typical in vivo doses within the scope of the invention are from 0.1-60 mg of camptothecin analog per kg of body weight. A particularly preferred range is 1-40 mg/kg.

there may also be included as part of the composition pharmaceutically compatible binding agents, and/or adjuvant materials. The active materials can also be mixed with other active materials which do not impair the desired action and/or supplement the desired action. The active materials according to the present invention can be administered by any route, for example, orally, parenterally, intravenously, intradermally, subcutaneously, or topically, in liquid or solid form.

A preferred mode of administration of the compounds of the invention is oral.

Oral compositions will generally include an inert diluent or an edible carrier. They may be enclosed in gelatin capsules or compressed into tablets. For the purpose of oral therapeutic administration, the aforesaid compounds may be incorporated with excipients and used in the form of tablets, capsules, elixirs, syrups and the like. These preparations should contain at least 0,1% of active compound but may be varied depending upon the particular form. The tablets, pills, capsules, troches and the like may contain the following ingredients: a binder such as microcrystalline cellulose, gumtragacanth or gelatin; an excipient such as starch or lactose, a disintegrating agent such as alginic acid, Primogel, corn starch and the like; a lubricant such as magnesium stearate or Sterotes; a glidant such as colloidal silicon dioxide; a sweetening agent such as sucrose or saccharin or flavouring agent such as peppermint, methyl salicylate, or orange flavouring may be added. When the dosage unit form is a capsule, it may contain, in addition to material of the above type, a liquid carrier such as fatty oil. Other dosage unit forms may contain other various materials which modify the physical form of the dosage unit, for example, as coatings. Thus tablets or pills may be coated with sugar shellac, or other enteric coating agents.

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A syrup may contain, in addition to the active compounds, sucrose as a sweetening agent and certain preservatives, dyes and colouring and flavours.

Material used in preparing these various compositions should be pharmaceutically pure and non toxic in the amount used.

For the purpose of parenteral therapeutic administration, the active ingredient may be incorporated into a solution or suspension.

The solutions or suspensions may also include the following components: a sterile diluent such as water for injection, saline solution, fixed oils, polyethylene glycols, glycerine, propylene glycol or other synthetic solvents; antibacterial agents such as benzyl alcohol or methyl parabens; antioxidants such as ascorbic acid or sodium bisulphite; chelating agents such as ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid; buffers such as acetates, citrates or phosphates and agents for the adjustment of tonicity such as sodium chloride or dextrose. The

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parenteral preparation can be enclosed in ampoules, disposable syringes or multiple dose vials made of glass or plastic.

The dosage values will vary with the specific severity of the disease condition to be alleviated. Good results are achieved when the compounds described herein are administered to a subject requiring such treatment as an effective oral, parenteral or intravenous dose. It is to be understood that for any particular subject, specific dosage regimens should be adjusted to the individual need and the professional judgment of the person administering or supervising the administration of the aforesaid compound. It is to be further understood that the dosages set forth herein are exemplary only and they do not limit the scope or practice of the invention. The dosages may be administered at once, or may be divided into a number of smaller doses to be administered at varying intervals of time.

The following examples illustrates but do not limit the invention.

The number into bracket reported before the chemical name of the compounds prepared according to the following examples corresponds to the number given to the preferred compounds listed on pages 6-18 of the present specification.

Preparation of the starting materials

25

Method A:

9-bromo camptothecin

2.15 g of NaNO $_2$ in 40 mL of H $_2$ O were dropped at 5°C into a solution of 9 g of 9-amino-camptothecin in 850 mL of 16% HBr.

30 After 1 hr at r.t. the solution was dropped in a flask containing 19 g of CuBr in 200 mL of 16% HBr at 70°C. The reaction was allowed to stay at 70°C for 2 hr, then it was

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poured in cold water. The precipitate was filtered and the mother liquors were extracted with CH_2Cl_2 ; the organic extract dried and evaporated was combined with the precipitate and purified by flash chromatography (eluent : $CH_2Cl_2/CH_3OH = 95/5$) to give 8.19 g of the title product. (HPLC assay : 97.3%) 1H -NMR 400 MHz (DMSO-d6): d = 8.87 (s, 1H), 8.20 (d, J = 8.5, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 7.32, 1H), 7.81-7.75 (m, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 5.42 (s, 2H), 5.32 (s, 2H), 1.89-1.82 (m, 2H), 0.87 (t, J = 7.32, 3H).

10 MS (FD) : $M^{+} = 427$.

By analogy starting from the corresponding amino derivatives, the following bromo derivatives were prepared:

10-bromo camptothecin;

15 11-bromo camptothecin;

12-bromo camptothecin;

10-hydroxy-9-bromo camptothecin;

10-methoxy-9-bromo camptothecin; and

10,11-methylendioxy-9-bromo camptothecin.

20

30

Method B:

10-trifluoromethansulfonvloxy camptothecin

1.25 g of 10-hydroxy camptothecin were dissolved in 35 mL of DMF and 2 mL of Et₃N and 1.5 g of N,N-Bis-(trifluormethan-sulfonyl)-anilin were added. The solution was heated at 50° C for 1 hr, then poured in water; the precipitate was filtered and the mother liquors were extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The organic extract, dried (Na₂SO₄) and evaporated, was combined with the precipitate and purified by flash chromatography (eluent: $CH_2Cl_2/CH_3OH = 98/2$). 1 g of the title product was obtained.

(HPLC assay: 97%)

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¹H-NMR 400 MHz (DMSO-d6): d = 8.81 (s, 1H), 8.43-8.32 (m, 2 H), 7.99-7.94 (m, 1H), 7.36 (s, 1H), 6.54 (s, 1H), 5.42 (s, 2H), 5.32 (s, 2H), 1.90-1.81 (m, 2H), 0.86 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H).

5 MS (FD): $M^{+} = 496$

By analogy, starting from the corresponding nitro and amino derivatives, the following sulfonyl derivatives were prepared: 9-trifluoromethansulfonyloxy camptothecin;

- 10 11-trifluoromethansulfonyloxy camptothecin;
 - 12-trifluoromethansulfonyloxy camptothecin;
 - 10,11-methylendioxy-9-trifluoromethansulfonyloxy camptothecin;
 - 10-p-toluensulfonyloxy camptothecin;
 - 11-p-toluensulfonyloxy camptothecin;
- 15 12-p-toluensulfonyloxy camptothecin;
 - 10-methoxy-9-p-toluensulfonyloxy camptothecin; and
 - 10,11-methylendioxy-9-p-toluensulfonyloxy camptothecin.

Example 1

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30

20 <u>12-vinyl camptothecin</u> (65)

1 g of 12-Br-camptothecin was dissolved in 20 mL of DMF; in an Ar atmosphere, 0.72 mLof Et₃N, 3.61 mLof vinyltrimethylsilane, 0.071 g of DPPF and 0.026 g of Pd(OAc), were added sequentially. The reaction mixture was heated at 100°C for 1 hr and then treated with CH_2Cl_2 and water. The aqueous phase was extracted twice with CH2Cl2 and the organic extracts were collected, dried (Na2SO4), and evaporated. The residue was dissolved in 20 mL of CH,Cl,, 10 mL of CF,COOH were added and the solution was left at r.t. for 24 hr. The reaction was worked up as before and the product was purified by flash chromatography (eluent : CH₂Cl₂/CH₃OH = 95/5) to give 0.59 g of the title product. (HPLC assay: 97%).

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<sup>1</sup>H-NMR 400 MHz (DMSO-d6): d = 8.67 (s, 1H), 8.14-8.00 (m, 3H), 7.69 (t, J=7.9Hz, 1H), 7.36 (s, 1H), 6.54 (s, 1H), 6.14 (dd, J=1.2, 17.9Hz, 1H), 5.57 (d, J=12.3Hz, 1H), 5.42 (s, 2H), 5.28 (s, 2H), 1.94-1.80 (m, 2H), 0.88 (t, J=7.0Hz, 3H). MS (FD): M<sup>+</sup> = 374.
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By analogy the following compounds were obtained (Table 1):
9-vinyl camptothecin (1);
7-ethyl-9-vinyl camptothecin (9);
10 10-vinyl camptothecin (17);
7-ethyl-10-vinyl camptothecin (25);
10-hydroxy-9-vinyl camptothecin (33);
10,11-methylendioxy-9-vinyl camptothecin (41);
10-methoxy-9-vinyl camptothecin (49);
11-vinyl camptothecin (57);
9-amino-10-vinyl camptothecin (73); and
```

Example 2

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20 (Z)-12-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (68)

7-ethyl-9-amino-10-vinyl camptothecin (81).

2 g of 12-Br-camptothecin were dissolved in 40 mL of DMF; in an Ar atmosphere, 0.72 mL of Et₃N, 3.32 g of Methyl 2-acetamidoacrylate, 0.14 g of DPPF and 0.052 g of Pd(OAc)₂ were added sequentially. The reaction mixture was heated at 100°C for 24 hr. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with CH_2Cl_2 and washed with water. The organic extract was dried (Na_2SO_4) and the solvent removed under vacuo. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (eluent : $CH_2Cl_2/CH_3OH = 98/2$) to give 1.72 g of the title product. (HPLC assay : 97.4%)

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^{1}H-NMR 400 MHz (DMSO-d6): d = 9.79 (s, 1H), 8.73 (s, 1H),
       8.32 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, J = 7.03 \text{ Hz}, 1H), 8.15 (d, J = 7.91 \text{ Hz},
       1H), 7.75 (t, J = 7.62 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 6.56 (s, 1H),
       5.43 (s, 2H), 5.43 (s, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 1.98 (s, 3H), 1.88
      (m, 2H), 0.88 (t, J = 7.3Hz, 3H).
       MS (FD) : M^{+} = 489.
      When a solution of (Z)-12-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-
      ethenyl) camptothecin is allowed to stand at room temperature
      for 2 weeks, a 50/50 mixture of E and Z isomers is obtained.
      By analogy the following compounds were obtained (Table 1):
      10-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
                                                         camptothecin
      1965;
      U-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
                                                        camptothecin
      (21);
     7-ethyl-10-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
     camptothecin (28);
     7-ethyl-10-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
20 camptothecin (29);
     10-hydroxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
     camptothecin (36);
     10-hydroxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
     camptothecin (37);
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-
    ethenyl) camptothecin (44);
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-
    ethenyl) camptothecin (45);
    10-methoxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
30
    camptothecin (52);
    10-methoxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
    camptothecin (53);
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11-(2-rcetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
                                                        camptothecin
     (60);
     11-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
                                                        camptothecin
     12-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
                                                        camptothecin
     (69);
     9-amino-10-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
     camptothecin (76);
     9-amino-10-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
10
    camptothecin (77);
     7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
    camptothecin (84); and
    7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
    camptothecin (85).
15
    Example 3
    (E)-12-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (66)
    5 g of 12-Br-camptothecin were dissolved in 50 mL of DMF; in
    an Ar atmosphere, 1.5 mL of Et<sub>3</sub>N, 4.6 mL of Methyl acrylate,
    0.28 g of DPPF and 0.11 g of Pd(OAc), were added sequentially.
20
    The reaction was heated at 100°C for 18 hr then worked up
    diluting with CH2Cl2 and washing twice with water. The organic
    phase was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) evaporated and the residue was
    purified by flash chromatography (eluent: CH_2Cl_2/CH_3OH = 98/2)
    to give 4.1 g of the title product. (HPLC assay: 92.34%)
25
    ^{1}H-NMR 400 MHz (DMSO-d6) : d = 8.94 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 8.73
    (s, 1H), 8.39 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 8.21 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H),
    7.75 (t, J = 7.6, 1H), 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.00 (d, J = 16.2 Hz,
    1H), 6.59 (s, 1H), 5.43 (s, 2H), 5.30 (s, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H),
30
    1.88 (m, 2H), 0.89 (t, 3H).
    MS (FD) : M^{+} = 432.
```

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By analogy the following compounds were obtained (Table 1):
       11-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (58);
       11-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (59);
       11-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl) camptothecin (62);
      11-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl) camptothecin (63);
      11-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (64);
      12-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (67);
      12-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl) camptothecin (70);
      12-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl) camptothecin (71);
      12-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (72);
  10
      9-amino-10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (74);
      9-amino-10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (75);
     9-amino-10-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl) camptothecin (78);
     9-amino-10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl) camptothecin (79);
     9-amino-10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (80);
     7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
     (82);
     7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
     (83):
    7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl) camptothecin (86);
    7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)
                                                       camptothecin
    (87); and
    7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)
                                                       camptothecin
    (88).
25
    Example 4
    12-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (52')
    1 g of 12-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin
   dissolved in 20 mL of DMF and hydrogenated in presence of 0.1 \,
```

g of Pd/C at r.t. under 1 atm of $\rm H_2$. The reaction mixture was filtered through a celite pad washing the celite thoroughly with DMF, the solvent was evaporated and the residue was

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purified by flash chromatography (eluent : CH_2Cl_2/CH_3OH = 98/2)
    to give 0.82 g of the title product.
    ^{1}H-NMR 400 MHz (DMSO-d6) : d = 8.60 (s, 1H), 7.92 (dd, J =
    1.5, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (dd, J = 1.5, 7 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (dd, J = 1.5)
 5 7, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (s, 1H), 6.54 (s, 1H), 5.41 (s, 2H), 5.20
    (m, 2H), 3.57 (s, 3H), 3.52-3.49 (m, 2H), 2.84-2.81 (m, 2H),
    1.88-1.84 (m, 2H), 0.88 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H). MS (FD) : M^{+} =
     434.
    By analogy the following compounds were obtained (Table 2):
    11-ethyl camptothecin (41');
    11-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (42');
    11-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (43');
    11-(3-oxo-butyl) camptothecin (48');
    11-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl) camptothecin (49');
    11-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (50');
    9-amino-12-ethyl camptothecin (51');
    9-amino-12-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (52');
    9-amino-12-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (53');
    9-amino-12-(3-oxo-butyl) camptothecin (58');
20
    9-amino-12-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl) camptothecin (59');
    9-amino-12-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (60');
    10-amino-9-ethyl camptothecin (61');
    10-amino-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (62');
25
    10-amino-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (63');
    10-amino-9-(3-oxo-butyl) camptothecin (68');
    10-amino-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-3-one-propyl) camptothecin (69');
    10-amino-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (70');
    12-ethyl camptothecin (71');
    12-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (73');
30
    12-(3-oxo-butyl) camptothecin (78');
    12-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl) camptothecin (79');
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```
12-(2-amimocarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (80');
     10-hydroxy-9-ethyl camptothecin (81');
     10-hydroxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (82');
     10-hydroxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (83');
    10-hydroxy-9-(3-oxo-butyl) camptothecin (88');
    10-hydroxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-3-one-propyl) camptothecin (89');
    10-hydroxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (90');
    10-methoxy-9-ethyl camptothecin (101');
    10-methoxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (102');
    10-methoxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (103');
10
    10-methoxy-9-(3-oxo-butyl) camptothecin (108');
    10-methoxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl) camptothecin (109'); and
    10-methoxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (110').
    Example 5
15
    12-[(2R,S)(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl)-ethyll
    camptothecin (741)
         g
             of
                   (Z)-12-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
    camptothecin was dissolved in DMF. After addition of 0.15 g of
    Pd/C, the product was hydrogenated at r.t. for 28 hr. The
20
    reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of celite and
    evaporated; the residue was purified by flash chromatography
    (eluent: CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/CH<sub>3</sub>OH) to give 0.89 g of the title product.
```

25 $^{1}H-NMR$ 400 MHz (DMSO-d6) : d = 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.49-8.43 (m, 1H), 7.99 (d, J = 7.33 Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.42 (s, 1/2H), 7.40 (s, 1/2H), 6.56 (s, 1/2H), 6.54 (s, 1/2H), 5.42 (s, 2H), 5.30 (s, 2H), 4.75-4.66 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.88 (m, 1H), 3.55 (s, 1.5H), 3.49 (s, 1.5H), 3.36-3.31 (m, 1H), 1.81-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.77 (s, 1.5H), 1.75 (s, 1.5H), 0.92-0.94 (m, 3H). 30

 $MS (FD) : M^{+} = 491$

(HPLC assay : 96.7%)

By analogy the following compounds may be obtained (Table 2):

```
9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl) camptothecin (4');
      9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl) camptothecin (5');
      9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl] camptothecin (6');
      9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl] camptothecin (7');
      7-ethyl-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
      camptothecin (14');
      7-ethyl-9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
      (15');
      7-ethyl-9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
    (16');
 10
     7-ethyl-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]
     camptothecin (17');
     10-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
     (241);
15 10-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl) camptothecin (25');
     10-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl] camptothecin (26');
     10-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]
                                                       camptothecin
     (271);
    7-ethyl-10-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
    camptothecin (34');
20
    7-ethyl-10-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
    (351);
    7-ethyl-10-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
    (36');
    7-ethyl-10-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]
25
    camptothecin (37');
    11-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
    (441);
   11-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin (45');
   11-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin (46');
   11-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
    (471);
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9-amino-12-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
     camptothecin (54');
     9-amino-12-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
     (55');
   9-amino-12-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
    (56');
    9-amino-12-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]
    camptothecin (57');
    10-amino-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl)-ethyl]
   camptothecin (64');
    10-amino-9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
    (65');
    10-amino-9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
    10-amino-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]
15
    camptothecin (67');
    12-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin (75');
    12-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin (76');
    12-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]
                                                      camptothecin
20
   (77');
    10-hydroxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
    camptothecin (84');
    10-hydroxy-9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
   10-hydroxy-9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
25
    10-hydroxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]
    camptothecin (87');
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-
30 ethyl)-camptothecin (94');
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
    camptothecin (95');
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```
10,11-methylendioxy-9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]
    camptothecin (96');
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-
    ethyl]-camptothecin (97');
   10-methoxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
    camptothecin (104');
    10-methoxy-9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarponyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
    (105');
    10-methoxy-9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
10
   (106'); and
    10-methoxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]
    camptothecin (107').
```

Example 7

25

(Z)-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin 15 (4)

5 g of 9-Br-camptothecin were dissolved in 50 mL of DMF; in an Ar atmosphere, 1.8 mL of Et₃N, 8.3 g of Methyl 2acetamidoacrylate, 0.35 g of DPPF and 0.13 g of Pd(OAc)₂ were 20 added sequentially. The reaction mixture was heated at 100°C for 7 hr and then taken up with CH₂Cl₂ and water. The organic extract was dried (Na2SO4), the solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (eluent: $CH_2Cl_2/CH_3OH = 98/2$) to give 4.89 g of the title product. (HPLC

assay : 98.7%) 1 H-NMR 400 MHz (DMSO-d6) : d = 9.63 (s, 1H), 8.73 (s, 1H), 8.16 (d, J = 8.54 Hz, 1H), 7.89-7.85 (m, 1H), 7.77 (d, J =7.26, 1H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 6.52 (s, 1H), 5.41 (s, 2H), 5.25 (s, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 1.87-1.83 (m, 5H), 0.86 (t, 30 J = 7.26, 3H).

 $MS (FD) : M^{+} = 489$

When a solution of (Z)-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonylethenyl) camptothecin is allowed to stand at r.t. for 2 weeks, a 50/50 mixture of E and Z isomers is obtained. The $^1\text{H-NMR}$ spectrum of (E)-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin is:

10

By analogy the following compounds were prepared (Table 1): 9-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (5); 7-ethyl-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (12); and

7-ethyl-9-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (13).

Example 8

(E)-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (2)

- 1 g of 9-Br-camptothecin was dissolved in 11 mL of DMF; 0.3 mL of Et₃N, 0.92 mL of Methyl acrylate, 0.056 g of DPPF, 0.022 g of Pd(OAc)₂ were added sequentially under an Ar atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated at 100°C; after 3 hr the reaction is over and a white yellowish precipitate is present. The precipitate is filtered and washed twice with DMF and twice with Et₂O. The product is crystallized (CHCl₃/DMF) to give 0.58 g of the title product. (HPLC assay: 95.59%)
- 1 H-NMR 400 MHz (DMSO-d6) : d = 9.07 (s, 1H), 8.45 (d, J = 15.5 d) Hz, 1H), 8.23 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (d, J = 7.1, 1H), 7.88 (dd, J = 7.6 Hz, J' = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, J' = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, J' = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, J' = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, J' = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, J' = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, J' = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, J' = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, J' = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, J' = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, J' = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, J' = 8.2 Hz

```
15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 5.42 (s, 2H), 5.27 (s, 2H), 3.79
        (s, 3H), 1.86 (m, 2H), 0.87 (t, 3H).
       MS (FD) : M^{+} = 432.
    5 By analogy the following compounds were prepared (Table 1):
       9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (3);
       9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (8);
       9-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl) camptothecin (6);
       9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl) camptothecin (7);
     7-ethyl-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (10);
  10
      7-ethyl-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (11);
      7-ethyl-9-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl) camptothecin (14);
      7-ethyl-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl) camptothecin (15);
      7-ethyl-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (16);
      10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
 15
     d10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
      (43);
     10,11-methylendioxy-9-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl) camptothecin (46);
     10,11-methylendioxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin
 20
     (47);
     10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
     (48);
     10-methoxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin 50);
25
     10-methoxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (51);
     10-methoxy-9-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl) camptothecin (54);
    10-methoxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl) camptothecin (55); and
    10-methoxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (56).
30
    Example 9
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9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (2')

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1.4 g of (E)-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin are
     dissolved in 400 mL of DMF, 0.3 g of Pd/C are added and the
     mixture is hydrogenated at r.t. (1 atm H<sub>2</sub>) for 3 hr.
     reaction mixture is filtered and the solvent is evaporated.
 5 The residue is purified by flash chromatography (eluent :
     CH_2Cl_2/CH_3OH = 98/2) to give 1.2 g of the title product.
     ^{1}H-NMR 400 MHz (DMSO-d6) : d = 8.89 (s, 1H), 8.03 (d, J =
     8.49 Hz, 1H), 7.79-7.73 (m, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 7.03, 1H), 7.33
     (s, 1H), 6.51 (s, 1H), 5.42 (s, 2H), 5.28 (s, 2H), 3.59 (s,
    3H), 3.42-3.36 (m, 2H), 2.88-2.77 (m, 2H), 1.91-1.80 (m, 2H),
10
     0.87 (t, J = 7.33, 3H).
    MS (FD) : M^{+} = 434.
    By analogy the following compounds were prepared (Table 2):
15
    9-ethyl camptothecin (1');
    9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (3');
    9-(3-oxo-butyl) camptothecin (8');
    9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl--propyl) camptothecin (9');
    9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (10');
20
    7-ethyl-9-ethyl camptothecin (11');
    7-ethyl-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (12');
    7-ethyl-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (13');
    7-ethyl-9-(3-oxo-butyl) camptothecin (18');
    7-ethyl-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl) camptothecin (19');
25
    7-ethyl-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (20');
    10-ethyl camptothecin (21');
    10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (22');
    10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (23');
    10-(3-oxo-butyl) camptothecin (28');
30
    10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl) camptothecin (29');
    10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (30');
    7-ethyl-10-ethyl camptothecin (31');
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7-ethyl-10-(2-methorycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (32');
      7-ethyl-10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (33');
      7-ethyl-10-(3-oxo-butyl) camptothecin (38');
      7-ethyl-10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl) camptothecin (39');
  5 7-ethyl-10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl) camptothecin (40');
     10,11-methylendioxy-9-ethyl camptothecin (91');
     10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin
     (921);
     10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin
. 10
     (931);
     10,11-methylendioxy-9-(3-oxo-butyl) camptothecin (98');
     10,11-methylendioxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin
     (99'); and
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin
15
     (100').
```

Example 10

(E)-10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (18)

of 10-trifluoromethansulfonyloxy camptothecin 20 dissolved in 10 mL of DMF; in an Ar atmosphere, 0.31 mL of $\text{Et}_3 N,~0.91~\text{mL}$ of Methyl acrylate, 0.062 g of DPPF and 0.023 g of $Pd(OAc)_2$ were added sequentially. The reaction was heated at 80°C for 24 hr then worked up diluting with $\mathrm{CH_2Cl_2}$ and washing twice with brine. The organic phase was dried $(\mathrm{Na_2SO_4})$ 25 evaporated and the residue was purified by chromatography (eluent: $CH_2Cl_2/CH_3OH = 99/1$) to give 0.5 g of the title product. (HPLC assay: 97%) 1 H-NMR 400 MHz (DMSO-d6) : d = 8.65 (s, 1H), 8.42 (s, 1H), 8.24 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, 1H),6.53 (s, 1H), 5.41 (s, 2H), 5.28 (s, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 1.88-1.82 (m, 2H), 0.86 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H).

MS (FD) : $M^{+} = 432$.

```
By analogy the following compounds were prepared (Table 1):
     10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (19);
    10-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl) camptothecin (22);
    10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl) camptothecin (23);
    10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (24);
    7-ethyl-10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (26);
    7-ethyl-10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (27);
    7-ethyl-10-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl) camptothecin (30);
10
    7-ethyl-10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl) camptothecin (31);
    7-ethyl-10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (32);
    10-hydroxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (34);
   10-hydroxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (35);
   10-hydroxy-9-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl) camptothecin (38);
   10-hydroxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl) camptothecin (39); and
   10-hydroxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl) camptothecin (40).
```

CLAIMS

1. Substituted camptothecin derivatives of formula (I)

5 wherein

the symbol ____ represents a single or double bond;

 R_1 , R_2 and R_3 are as defined under (a) or (b) below:

(a) R_1 and R_2 are, each independently, hydrogen;

10 C_1-C_4 alkyl;

15

20

C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl;

phenyl C₁-C₆ alkyl;

an optionally substituted phenyl ring;

-NR₅R₆ wherein one of R₅ and R₆ is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl or benzyl and the other is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkanoyl, an optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl, an optionally substituted benzoyl, phenyl C_1 - C_6 alkanoyl, an optionally substituted phenoxycarbonyl or phenyl C_1 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl, or R₅ and R₆, combined together with the nitrogen atom to which they are linked, form a 4-7 membered saturated, optionally substituted, heteromonocyclic ring residue, represented by a group (G)

$$-N$$
 $(CH_2)_n$
 (G)

wherein W is -C=0, R_7 is hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl and n is an integer of 2 to 5;

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 $COOR_8$ wherein R_8 is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl or phenyl C₁-C₆ alkyl; or

COR, wherein R, is C_1-C_6 alkyl, C_3-C_7 cycloalkyl, phenyl C1-C6 alkyl, an optionally substituted phenyl ring or $NR_{10}R_{11}$ wherein R_{10} and R_{11} are, each independently, hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl; and

 R_3 is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl or an optionally substituted phenyl ring; or

- (b) R_1 and R_3 , combined together, form a 5-8 membered, 10 optionally substituted, carbomonocyclic ring; and R₂ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl or C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl; R₄ is hydrogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl or phenyl C₁-C₆ alkyl;
- X is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, 15 C₃-C₇ cycloalkoxy, C₁-C₆ alkanoyloxy, benzoyloxy, amino, hydroxy, nitro, halogen or it is a methylenedioxy group linked to the positions 10 and 11 of the molecule, and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.
- 2. A compound of formula (I), according to claim 1, wherein 20 the symbol ____ represents a single or a double bond; R₁ and R₂ are, each independently, hydrogen;
- $-NR_5R_6$ wherein one of R_5 and R_6 is hydrogen and the other is hydrogen C₁-C₆ alkanoyl, an optionally substituted benzoyl, phenyl C₁-C₆ alkanoyl, C₁-C₆ alkoxycarbonyl, phenoxy-carbonyl or phenyl C₁-C₆ alkoxycarbonyl;

COOR, wherein R, is hydrogen or C1-C6 alkyl; or

COR, wherein R_9 is C_1-C_6 alkyl, unsubstituted phenyl or $NR_{10}R_{11}$

30 wherein R₁₀ and R₁₁ are both hydrogen;

R₃ is hydrogen;

5

R₄ is hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

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X is hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, C₁-C₆ alkoxy or it is a methylenedioxy group linked to the positions 10 and 11 of the molecule, and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

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```
3. A compound selected from:
 5
    9-vinyl camptothecin (1);
    (E) -9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (2);
    9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (3);
    (Z)-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
10
    (4):
    9-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (5);
    9-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (6);
    9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (7);
    9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (8);
    7-ethyl-9-vinyl camptothecin (9);
15
    7-ethyl-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (10);
    7-ethyl-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (11);
    7-ethyl-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-
    ethenyl) camptothecin (12);
   7-ethyl-9-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-
20
    ethenyl)camptothecin (13);
    7-ethyl-9-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (14);
    7-ethyl-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (15);
    7-ethyl-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (16);
    10-vinyl camptothecin (17);
25
    (E)-10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (18);
    10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (19);
    10-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (20);
    10-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (21);
    10-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (22);
30
    10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (23);
     10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (24);
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```
7-ethyl-10-vinyl camptothecin (25);
     7-ethyl-10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (26);
     7-ethyl-10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (27);
     7-ethyl-10-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
 5 camptothecin (28);
    7-ethyl-10-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
    camptothecin (29);
    7-ethyl-10-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (30);
    7-ethyl-10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (31);
    7-ethyl-10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (32);
10
    10-hydroxy-9-vinyl camptothecin (33);
    10-hydroxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (34);
    10-hydroxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (35);
    10-hydroxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
    camptothecin (36);
15
    10-hydroxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
    camptothecin (37);
    10-hydroxy-9-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (38);
    10-hydroxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (39);
20
    10-hydroxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (40);
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-vinyl camptothecin (41);
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
25
    (43);
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-
    ethenyl) camptothecin (44);
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-
    ethenyl) camptothecin (45);
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (46);
30
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin
     (47);
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```
10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
      (48);
      10-methoxy-9-vinyl camptothecin (49);
      10-methoxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (50);
      10-methoxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (51);
      10-methoxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
      camptothecin (52);
     10-methoxy-9-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
      camptothecin (53);
     10-methoxy-9-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (54);
     10-methoxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (55);
     10-methoxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (56);
     11-vinyl camptothecin (57);
     11-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (58);
    11-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (59);
15
     11-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (60);
     11-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (61);
     11-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (62);
    11-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (63);
    11-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (64);
20
    12-vinyl camptothecin (65);
    (E)-12-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (66);
    12-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (67);
    (Z)-12-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
25
    (68);
    12-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (69);
    12-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (70);
    12-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (71);
    12-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (72);
   9-amino-10-vinyl camptothecin (73);
    9-amino-10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (74);
    9-amino-10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (75);
```

```
9-amino-10-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
       camptothecin (76);
       9-amino-10-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
       camptothecin (77);
       9-amino-10-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (78);
       9-amino-10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (79);
       9-amino-10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (80);
       7-ethyl-9-amino-10-vinyl camptothecin (81);
       7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
     (82);
  10
      7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin
      (83);
      7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
      camptothecin (84);
      7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethenyl)
 15
      camptothecin (85);
      7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(3-oxo-but-1-enyl)camptothecin (86);
     7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propenyl)camptothecin (87);
     7-ethyl-9-amino-10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethenyl)camptothecin (88);
    9-ethyl camptothecin (1');
     9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (2');
     9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (3');
     9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin (4');
     9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin (5');
9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl] camptothecin (6');
     9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]camptothecin (7');
    9-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (8');
    9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (9');
    9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (10');
30 7-ethyl-9-ethyl camptothecin (11');
    7-ethyl-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (12');
    7-ethyl-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (13');
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7-ethyl-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
        camptothecin (14');
       7-ethyl-9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
      7-ethyl-9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
       (16'):
       7-ethyl-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]
       camptothecin (17');
       7-ethyl-9-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (18');
     7-ethyl-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (19');
      7-ethyl-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (20');
      10-ethyl camptothecin (21');
      10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (22');
      10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (23');
 15 10-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
      (241);
     10-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin (25');
     10-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin (26');
     10-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]camptothecin (27');
     10-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (28');
 20
     10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (29');
     10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (30');
     7-ethyl-10-ethyl camptothecin (31');
     7-ethyl-10-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (32');
    7-ethyl-10-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (33');
25
    7-ethyl-10-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
    camptothecin (34');
    7-ethyl-10-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
    35');
30
   7-ethyl-10-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
    361);
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```
7-ethyl-10-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]
    camptothecin (37');
    7-ethyl-10-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (38');
    7-ethyl-10-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (39');
   7-ethyl-10-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (40');
    11-ethyl camptothecin (41');
    11-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (42');
    11-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (43');
    11-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
10
    (44');
    11-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin (45');
    11-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin (46');
    11-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
    (47');
    11-(3-oxo-butyl) camptothecin (48');
15
    11-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (49');
    11-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (50');
    9-amino-12-ethyl camptothecin (51');
    9-amino-12-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (52');
9-amino-12-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (53');
    9-amino-12-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
    camptothecin (54');
    9-amino-12-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
    9-amino-12-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
25
    9-amino-12-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]
    camptothecin (57');
    9-amino-12-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (58');
9-amino-12-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (59');
    9-amino-12-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (60');
    10-amino-9-ethyl camptothecin (61');
```

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```
10-amino-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (62');
    10-amino-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (63');
    10-amino-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl)-ethyl]
    camptothecin (64');
    10-amino-9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
    (651);
    10-amino-9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
    (66');
    10-amino-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]
   camptothecin (67');
10
    10-amino-9-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (68');
    10-amino-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-3-one-propyl)camptothecin (69');
    10-amino-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (70');
    12-ethyl camptothecin (71');
   12-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (72');
    12-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (73');
    12-[(2R,S,)(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl)-
    ethyl]camptothecin (74');
    12-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin (75');
    12-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin (76');
20
    12-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]camptothecin (77');
    12-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (78');
    12-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (79');
    12-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (80');
    10-hydroxy-9-ethyl camptothecin (81');
    10-hydroxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (82');
    10-hydroxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (83');
    10-hydroxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
    camptothecin (84');
    10-hydroxy-9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
     (85');
```

```
10-hydroxy-9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
        (86');
       10-hydroxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]
       camptothecin (87');
    5 10-hydroxy-9-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (88');
       10-hydroxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-3-one-propyl)camptothecin (89');
       10-hydroxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (90');
       10,11-methylendioxy-9-ethyl camptothecin (91');
      10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin
  10 (92');
      10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin
      (931);
      10,11-methylendioxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-
      ethyl)camptothecin (94');
     10,11-methylendioxy-9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
      camptothecin (95');
     10,11-methylendioxy-9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]
     camptothecin (96');
     10,11-methylendioxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-
    ethyl]camptothecin (97');
     10,11-methylendioxy-9-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (98');
     10,11-methylendioxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin
     (991);
    10,11-methylendioxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin
25
    (100');
    10-methoxy-9-ethyl camptothecin (101');
    10-methoxy-9-(2-methoxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (102');
    10-methoxy-9-(2-hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (103');
    10-methoxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)
30
    camptothecin (104');
    10-methoxy-9-[(2-amino-2-methoxycarbonyl]-ethyl)camptothecin
    (105');
```

10-methoxy-9-[(2-amino-2-hydroxycarbonyl)-ethyl]camptothecin
(106');

10-methoxy-9-[(2-acetylamino-2-hydroxycarbony)-ethyl]
camptothecin (107');

10-methoxy-9-(3-oxo-butyl)camptothecin (108');
10-methoxy-9-(3-oxo-3-phenyl-propyl)camptothecin (109');
10-methoxy-9-(2-aminocarbonyl-ethyl)camptothecin (110');
and, where a salifiable substituent is present on the molecule framework, their pharmaceutically acceptable salts.

10

- 4. A process for preparing a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, said process comprising
- 1) reacting a compound of formula (II)

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_{11} & R_{4} \\
R_{10} & R_{4} \\
& R_{4}$$

15

20

25

wherein

 R_{11} is a halogen atom, $-OSO_2R_{12}$ wherein wherein R_{12} is C_1-C_5 alkyl unsubstituted or substituted at the terminal carbon atom by one, two or three halogen atoms or an optionally substituted phenyl ring;

 $\rm R_4$ is hydrogen, $\rm C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, $\rm C_3\text{-}C_7$ cycloalkyl or phenyl $\rm C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl; and

X is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkoxy, C_1 - C_6 alkanoyloxy, benzoyloxy, amino hydroxy, nitro, halogen or it is a methylenedioxy group linked to the positions 10 and 11 of the molecule, with a compound of formula (III)

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_1 \\
C = C \\
R_2
\end{array}$$
(III)

wherein

5

10

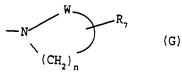
20

 $\rm R_{1},\ R_{2}$ and $\rm R_{3}$ are as defined under (a) or (b) below:

(a) R_1 and R_2 are each independently hydrogen; C_1 - C_4 alkyl; C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl; phenyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl; an optionally substituted phenyl ring;

-NR $_5$ R $_6$ wherein one of R $_5$ and R $_6$ is hydrogen, C $_1$ -C $_6$ alkyl or benzyl and the other is hydrogen C $_1$ -C $_6$ alkanoyl, an optionally substituted benzoyl, phenyl C $_1$ -C $_6$ alkanoyl, an optionally substituted C $_1$ -C $_6$ alkoxycarbonyl, an optionally substituted phenoxycarbonyl or phenyl C $_1$ -C $_6$ alkoxycarbonyl, or R $_5$ and R $_6$, combined together with the nitrogen atom to which they are linked, form a 4-7 membered saturated, optionally substituted,

heteromonocyclic ring, represented by a group (G)



wherein W is -C=0, R_7 is hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl and n is an integer of 2 to 5;

 $COOR_8$ wherein R_8 is C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl or phenyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl; or

COR, wherein R, is C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl, phenyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, an optionally substituted phenyl ring, $NR_{10}R_{11}$ wherein R_{10} and R_{11} are each independently hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl; and

- R_3 is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl or an optionally substituted phenyl; or
 - (b) R_1 and R_3 , combined together, form a 5-8 membered, optionally substituted carbomonocyclic ring; and

 R_2 is hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl or C_3 - C_7 c/cloalkyl; so obtaining a compound of formula (I) wherein the symbol ____ represents a double bond; and, if desired,

- 5 2) optionally reducing a compound of formula (I) (as obtained under step 1) into a corresponding compound of formula (I) wherein the symbol ____ represents a single bond, and/or if desired, salifying a compound of formula (I).
- 5. A pharmaceutical composition which comprises a compound of formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and/or diluent.
- 6. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for use as an antitumor agent.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Interns al Application No

IPC 6	CO7D491/22 A61K31/435 //	C07D491/22 311.00 201	.00 221 22
1	SSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER C07D491/22 A61K31/435 //(209:00),(C07D491/22,317:00,31	1:00,221:00,221:00,221	:00,221:00, 9:00)
According	g to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both natio		,
D. FIEL	D3 SEAKCHED		
Minimum IPC 6	documentation searched (classification system followed by CO7D A61K	lassification symbols)	
1100	CO7D A61K	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Document	tation searched other than minimum documentation to the ex	ent that such documents are included in the	he fields searched
Electronic	data have committed during the		
	data base consulted during the international search (name of	data base and, where practical, search terr	ms used)
C. DOCUM	MENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate,	of the relevant narrages	
			Relevant to claim No.
X	EP,A,O 325 247 (KABUSHIKI KAI	SHA YAKIIIT	
į	ואויכיוסוו ען טען אווכיויסיו	1,5	
	see page 8, line 51 - page 9, claims 1,15; example 16	line 23;	
,		•	
X	WO,A,91 04260 (RESEARCH TRIAN	1,5	
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,	•		
۱ ۱	JOURNAL OF MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY	1.5	
	vol. 34, no. 1, 1991, WASHING pages 98-107, XP002013003	1,5	
	W. D. KINGSBURY FT AL . ISING	thesis of	
- 1	marci zoindie (aminosika)jesum)tothooin	
	analogues: inhibition of topoi and antitumor activity"		
	see compounds 19 and 35 in tab	iles I and II	
		ico i ana ii	
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	r documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Patent family members are I	listed in annex.
	ories of cited documents:	erre lates de	
	defining the general state of the art which is not add to be of particular relevance	"I" later document published after the or priority date and not in conflicted to understand the opening	he international filing date liet with the application but
filing date	cument but published on or after the international	invention	or theory underlying the
document which is	which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or cited to establish the publication date of another	'X' document of particular relevance cannot be considered novel or co involve an inventive step when the	r; the claimed invention annot be considered to
	r other special reason (as specified) referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or	cannot be considered to involve	the claimed invention
		document is combined with one ments, such combination being	an inventive step when the
	published prior to the international filing date but the priority date claimed	in the art. "&" document member of the same p	
e of the act	ual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the internation	
10	September 1996		
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	ing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2	Authorized officer	
	NL - 2280 HV Ripswijk Td. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,	1	
	Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Alfaro Faus, I	

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Interns al Application No PCT/EP 96/02008

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ation) DOCIMENTS CONFIDENCE	PCT/EP 96/02008				
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Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages					
	relevant to claim No.				
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	Columbus, Ohio, US; abstract no. 128163n, W. K. ENG ET AL.: "Evidence that DNA topoisomerase I is necessary for the cytotoxic effects of camptothecin" page 30; XP002013004 see abstract and 12 Coll. Index, Chem. Subst., p. 78043, c.3 (101-103) and p. 78044, c.1 (71-73) & MOL. PHARMACOL, vol. 36, no. 4, 1988	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS, vol. 110, no. 15, 1989 Columbus, Ohio, US; abstract no. 128163n, W. K. ENG ET AL.: "Evidence that DNA topoisomerase I is necessary for the cytotoxic effects of camptothecin" page 30; XP002013004 see abstract and 12 Coll. Index, Chem. Subst., p. 78043, c.3 (101-103) and p. 78044, c.1 (71-73) & MOL. PHARMACOL, vol. 36, no. 4, 1988			

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

ormation on patent family members

Interns 'al Application No PCT/EP 96/02008

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date 26-07-89	Patent family member(s) JP-A- 1186892 JP-B- 6015547 CA-A- 1332414 DE-T- 68906552 ES-T- 2056962 US-A- 5061800		Publication date 26-07-89 02-03-94 11-10-94 16-12-93 16-10-94 29-10-91
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